# StratEcon

Z<sup>3</sup>

827

Applied Economic Research

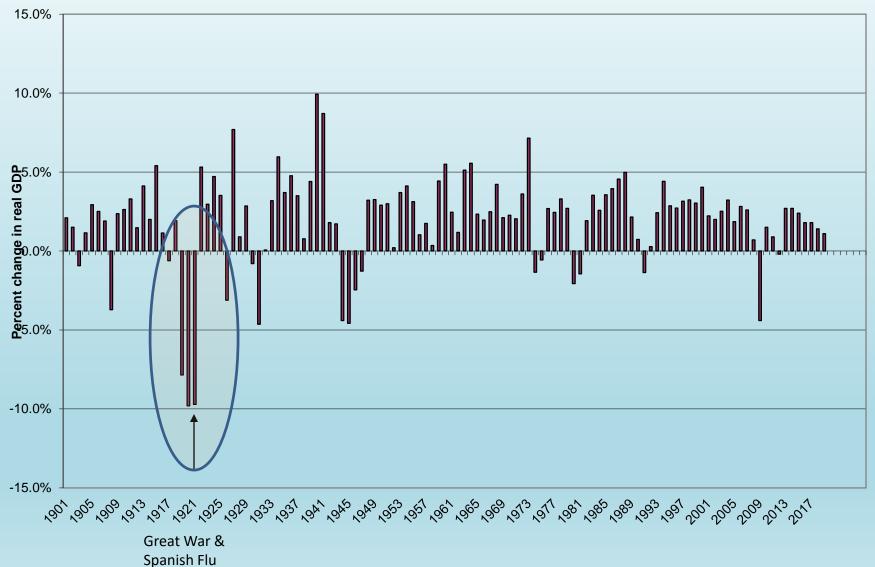
Govid 19 – Macroeconomic Environment & Implications

**Barry Standish** 

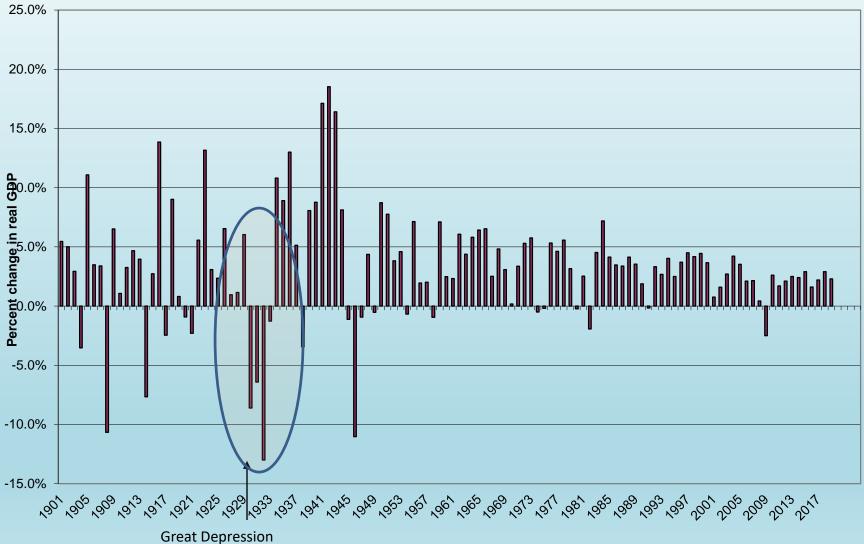
### Contents

- Historical perspective
- Assessing conditions before Covid
- Immediate impact
- Wider implications
- Policy options & implications
- Political Fault Lines

### **UK Long Term**



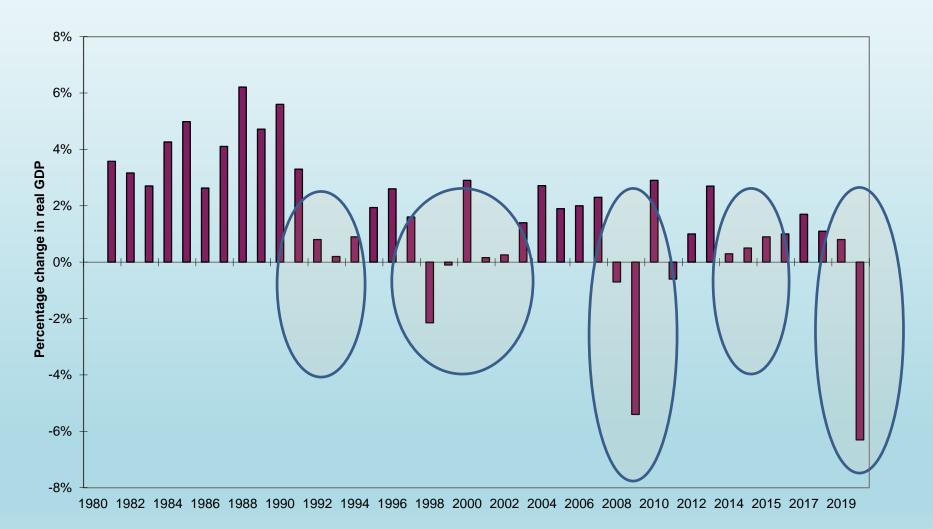
### **US Long Term**



### **Great Depression Summary**

- Equity and Housing bubbles
- Bank failures
- Natural events
- Poor policy
  - Monetary policy
  - Fiscal policy
  - Trade policy

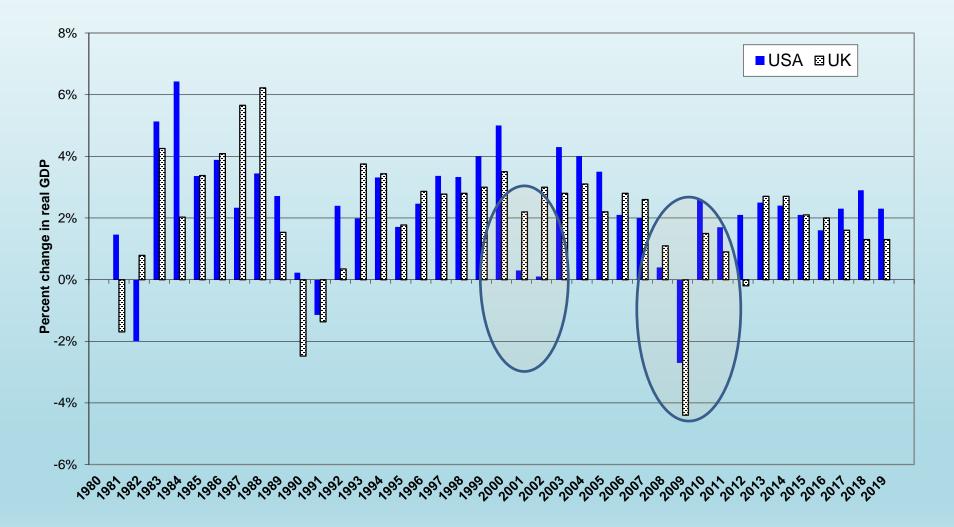
#### **Business cycles in Japan**



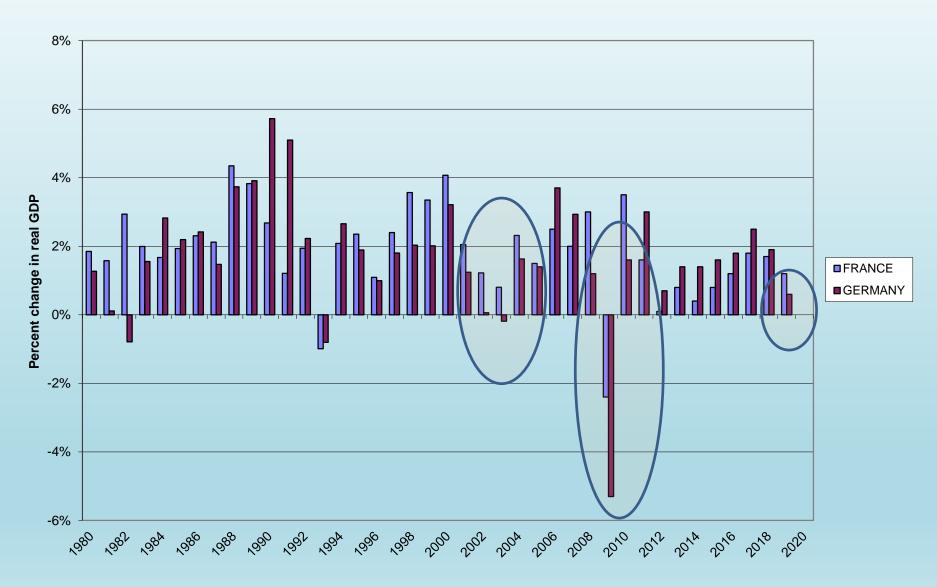
# Japan 'Lost Decade' Summary

- Equity and Housing bubbles
- Bank failures
- Deflation
- Policy too little too late
  - Monetary policy impotence
  - Fiscal policy impotence

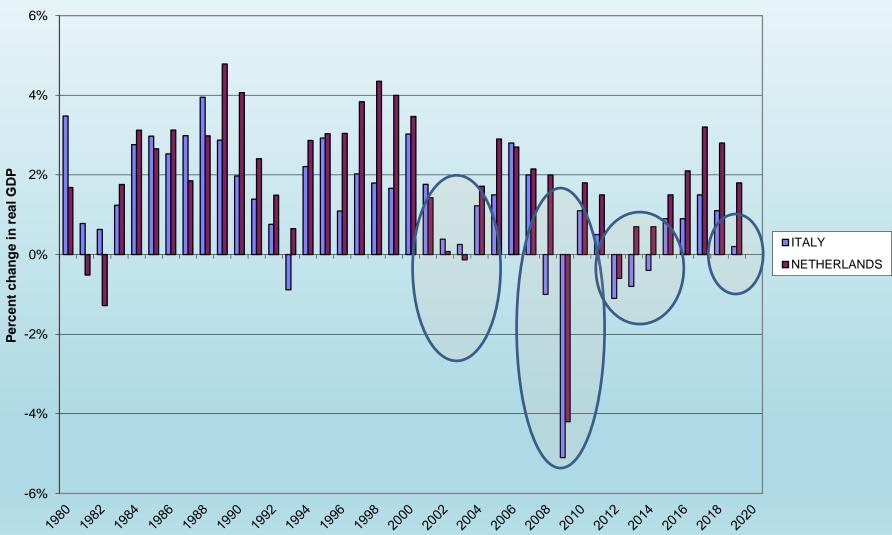
#### **USA and UK business cycles**



#### **Business Cycles: France & Germany**



#### **Business cycles: Italy & the Netherlands**



### Dot Com Bubble Summary

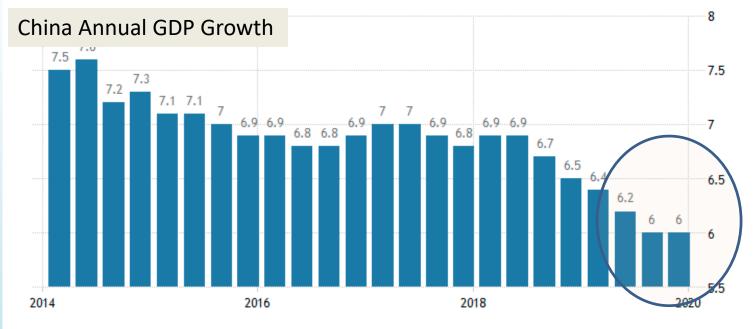
- Equity bubble
- Initial contractionary monetary policy
- Policy too much for too long
  - Excessive monetary stimulation
  - Excessive fiscal stimulation

### **Financial Crisis Summary**

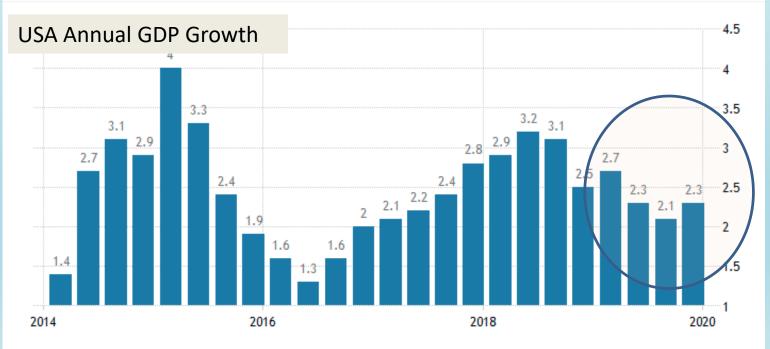
- Equity and Housing bubbles
- Bank failures
- EU sovereign debt
- Policy too much too long
  - Monetary implications massive money supply increases
  - Fiscal massive increases in government debt
  - Little room to maneuver in next crisis

# **Economic Position before Covid**

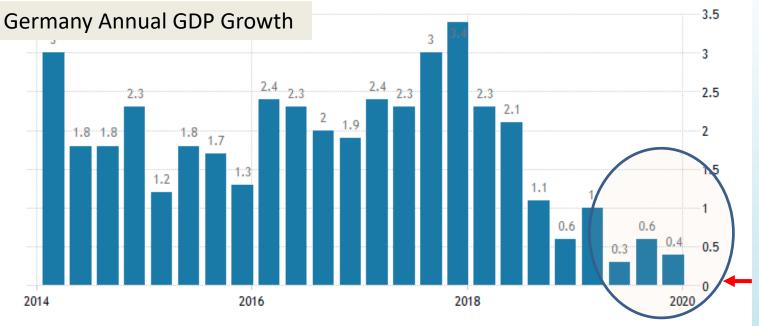
- Economic Growth
- Future Indicators:
  - Baltic Dry
  - Confidence
  - Purchasing Managers Index (PMI)
- Debt
- Bank Solvency
- Stock markets



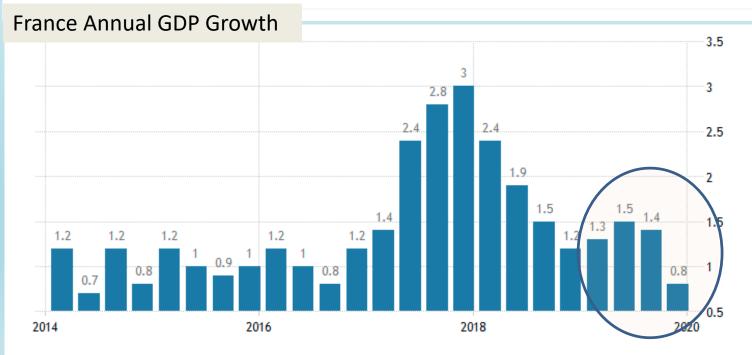
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF CHINA



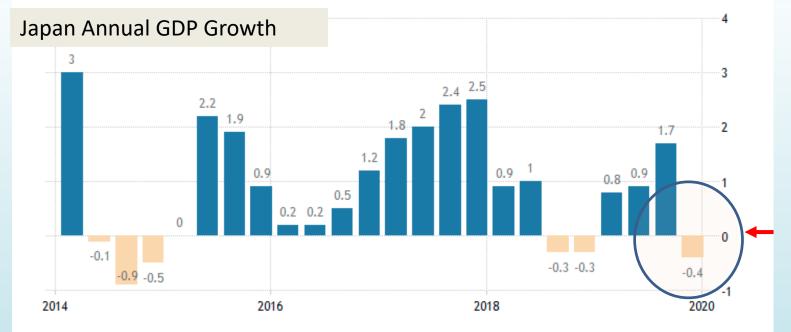
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | U.S. BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



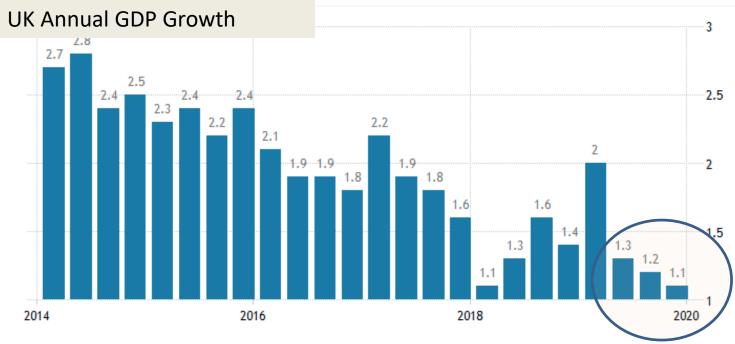
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | FEDERAL STATISTICAL OFFICE



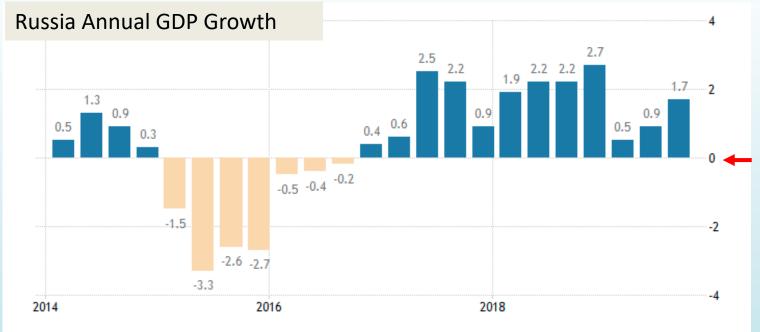
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | INSEE, FRANCE



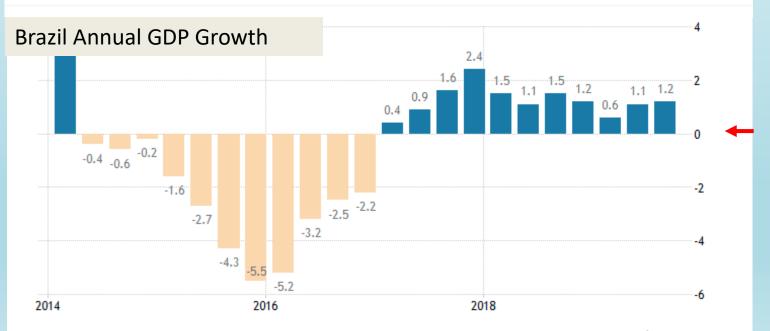
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | CABINET OFFICE, JAPAN



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OFFICE FOR NATIONAL STATISTICS



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | FEDERAL STATE STATISTICS SERVICE



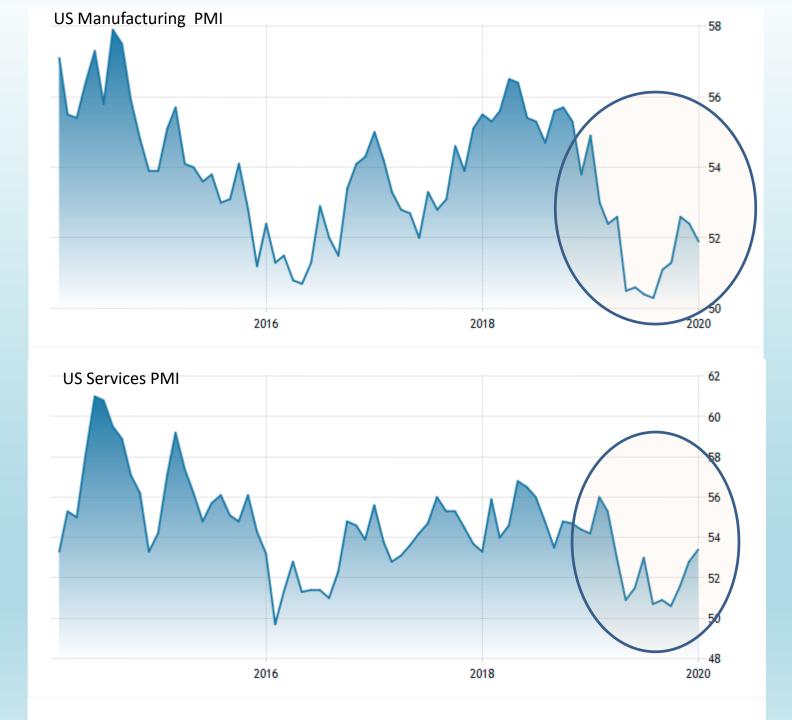
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | INSTITUTO BRASILEIRO DE GEOGRAFIA E ESTATÍSTICA (IBGE)

### Baltic Dry Index

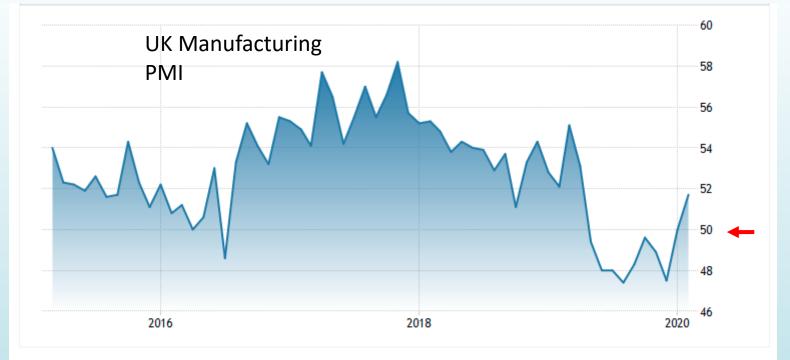
#### Baltic Dry Index



#### **Purchasing Managers Index**

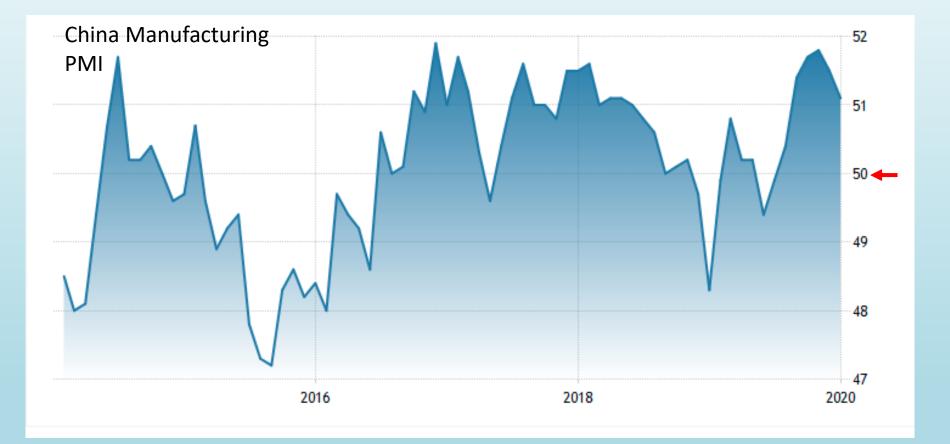




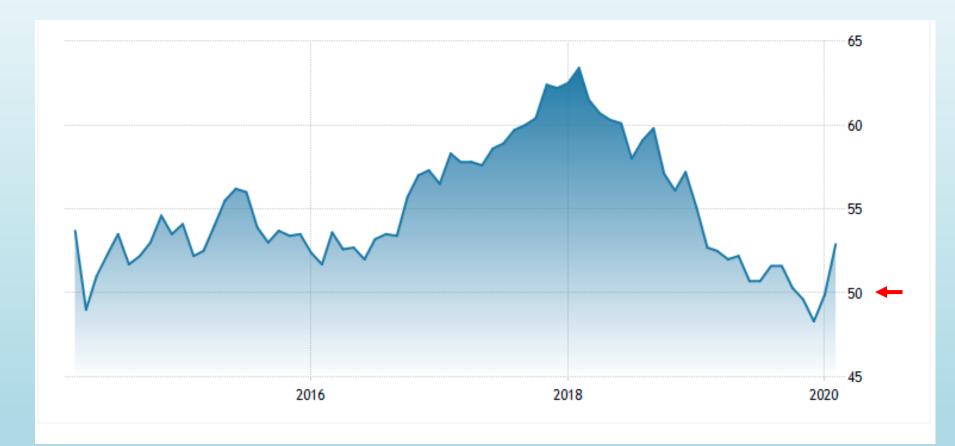




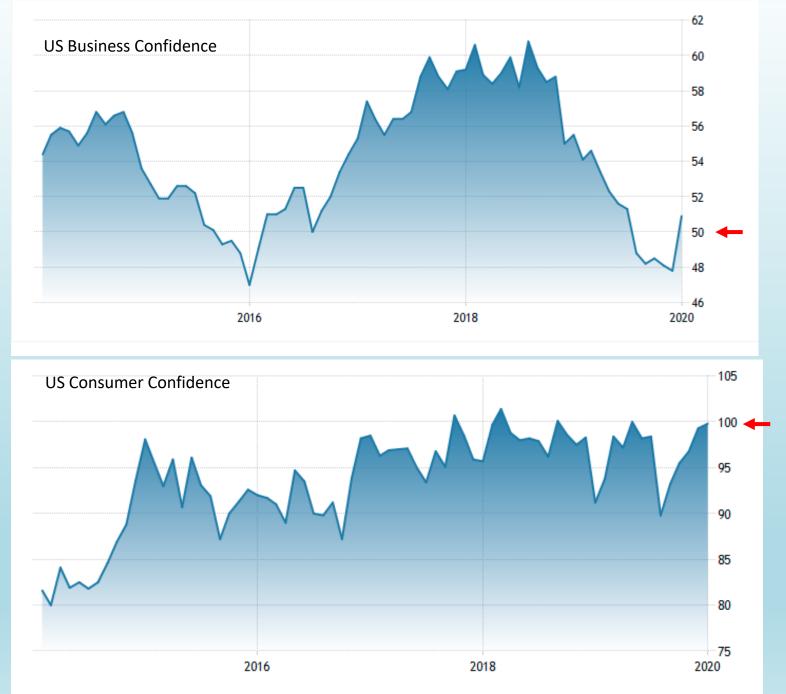




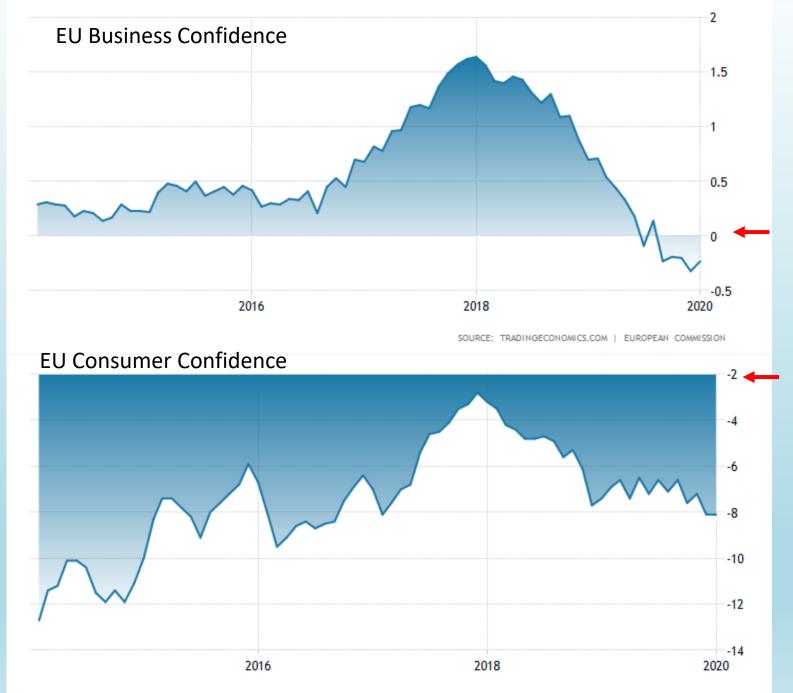
#### Netherlands Manufacturing PMI



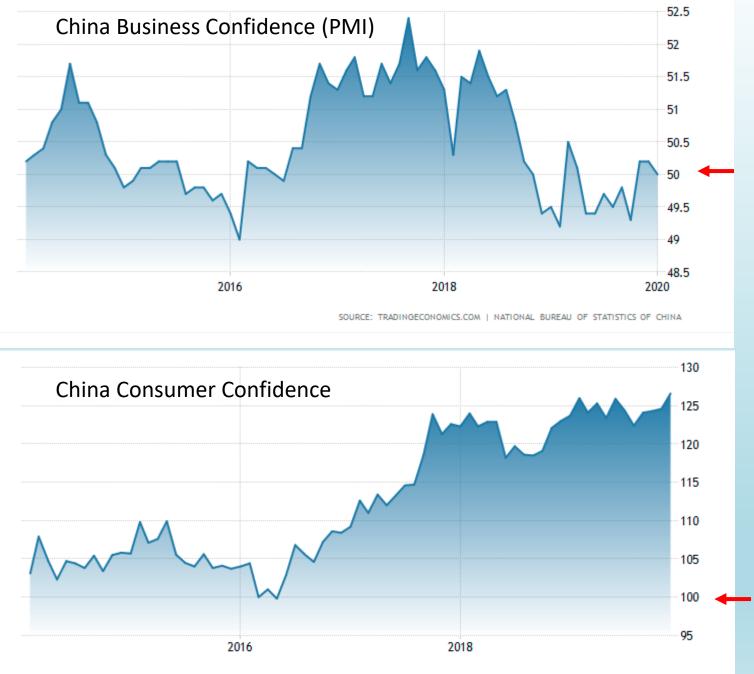
#### **Business and Consumer Confidence**



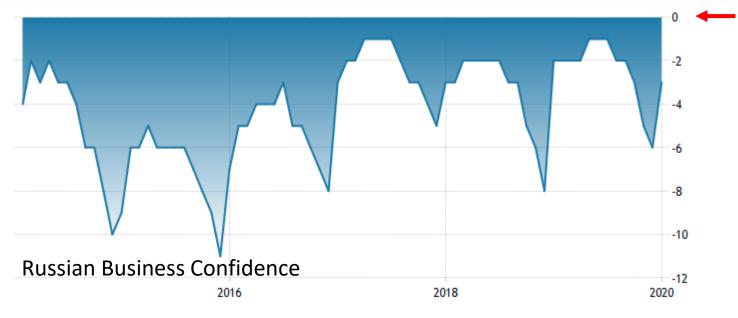
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | EUROPEAN COMMISSION



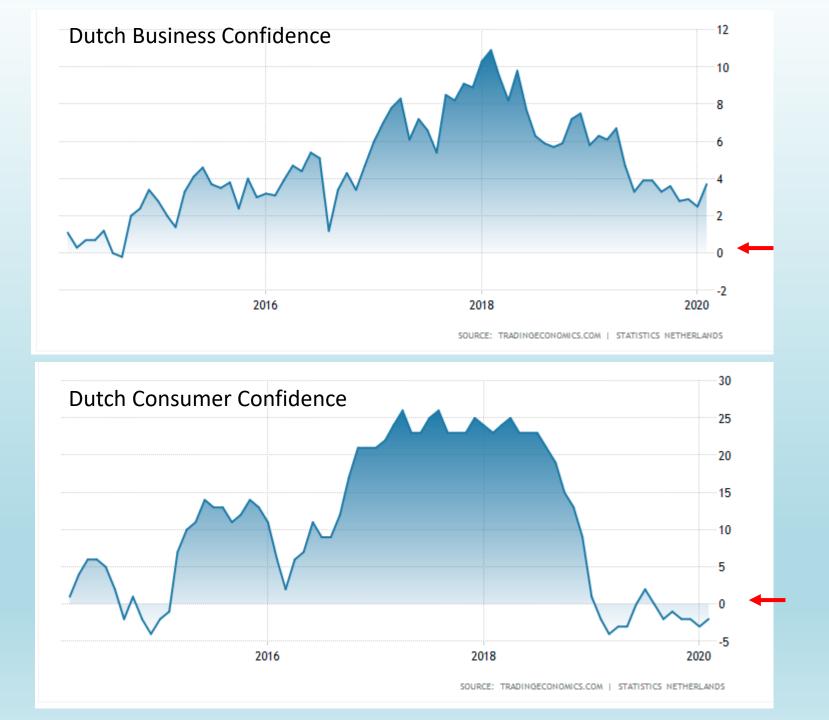
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | NATIONAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF CHINA



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | FEDERAL STATE STATISTICS SERVICE

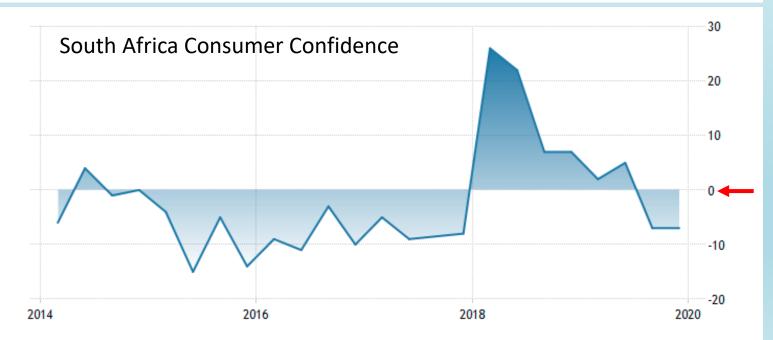


SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | FEDERAL STATE STATISTICS SERVICE





SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | BUREAU FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH (BER)

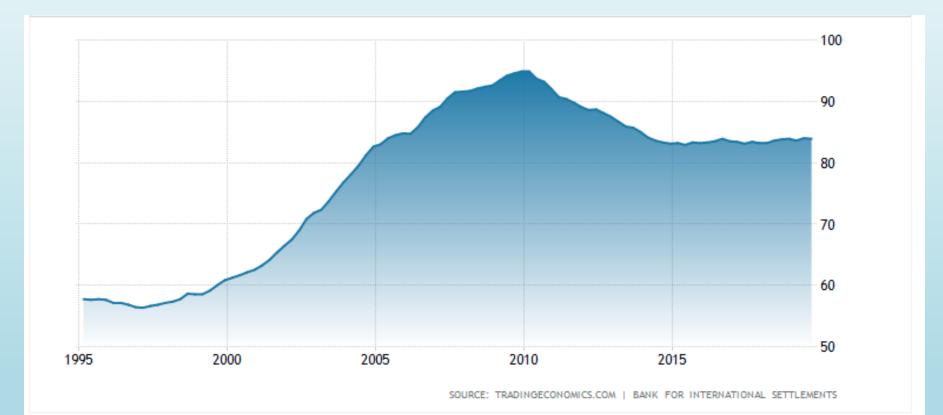


SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | BUREAU FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH (BER)

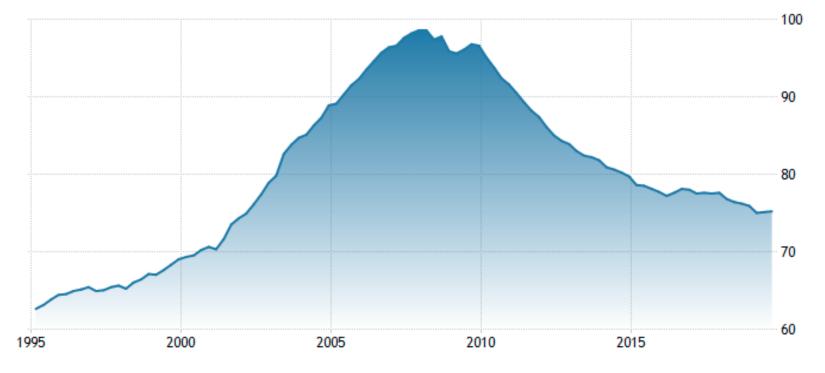
### Debt

Household debt as % of GDP

#### United Kingdom Household debt as % of GDP

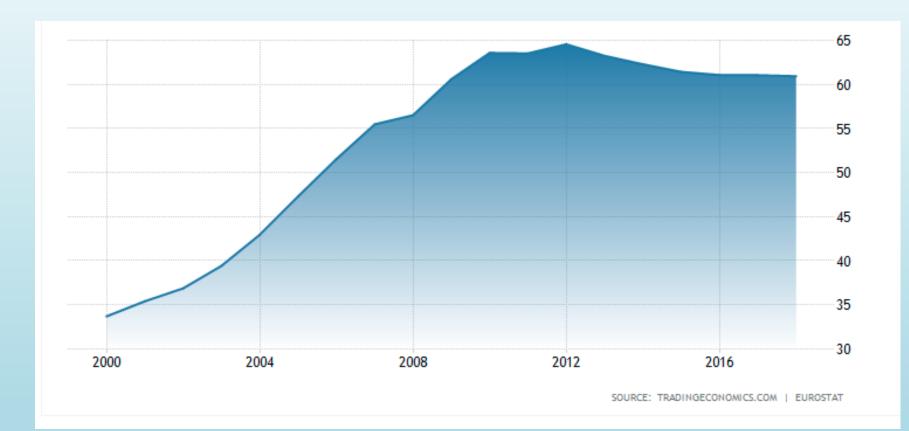


#### US Household debt as % of GDP

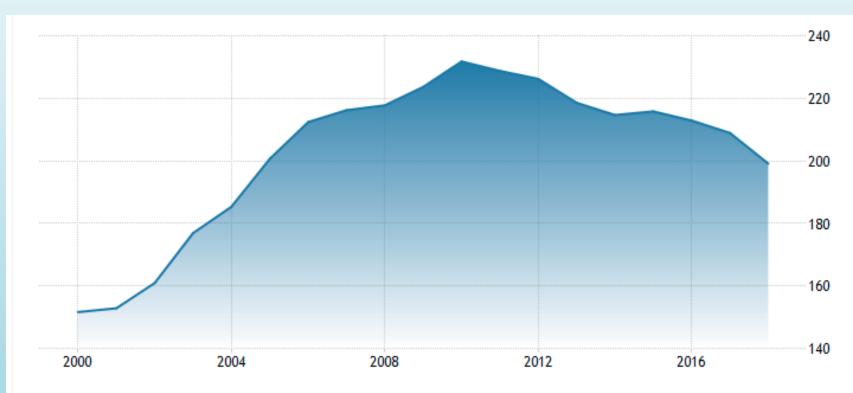


SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

### Italy Household debt as % of Income

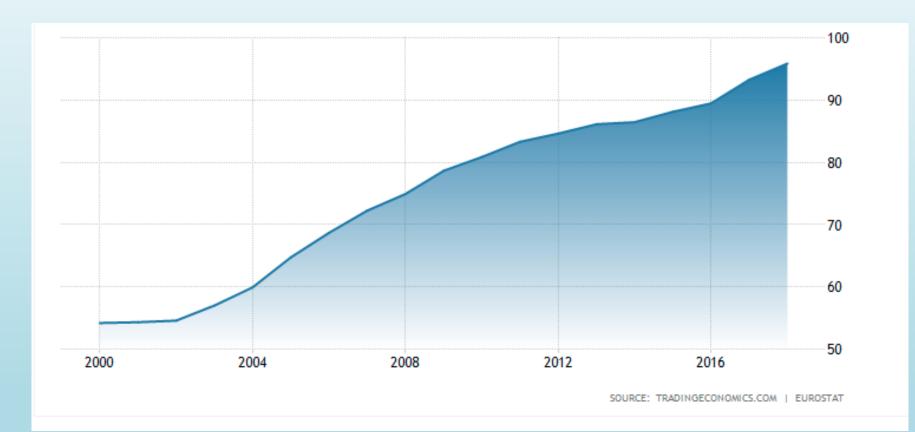


#### Netherlands Household debt as % of Income



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | EUROSTAT

### France Household debt as % of Income

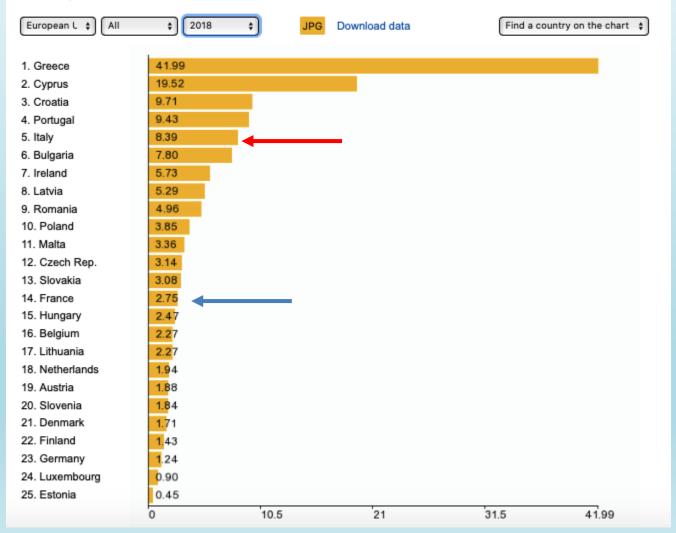


## **Bank Solvency**

## Banking

Non-performing loans as percent of all bank loans in the European union: The average for 2018 based on 25 countries was 5.9 percent. The highest value was in Greece: 41.99 percent and the lowest value was in Estonia: 0.45 percent. The indicator is available from 2000 to 2018. Below is a chart for all countries where data are available.

Measure: percent; Source: The World Bank



### Bank nonperforming loans to total gross loans (%) - Iceland, Italy, Spain, United Kingdom

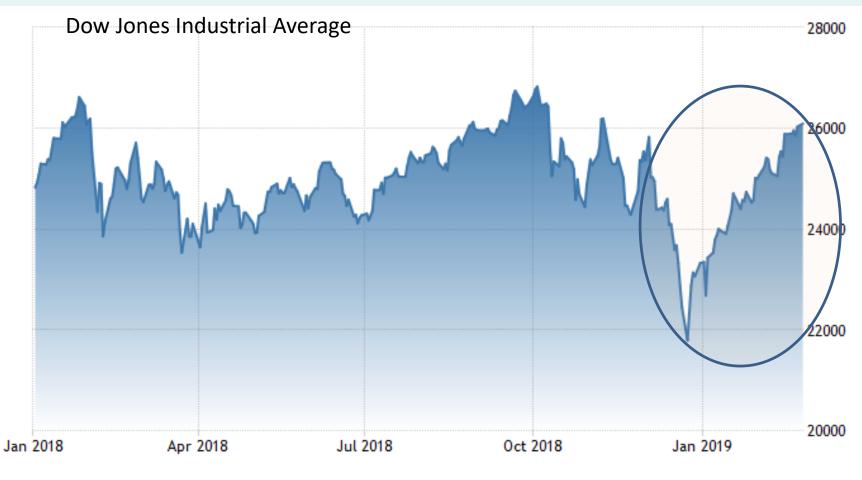
International Monetary Fund, Global Financial Stability Report.

License : CC BY-4.0 🛈



## **Equity Markets**

• End February



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD





SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD





SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD





SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD

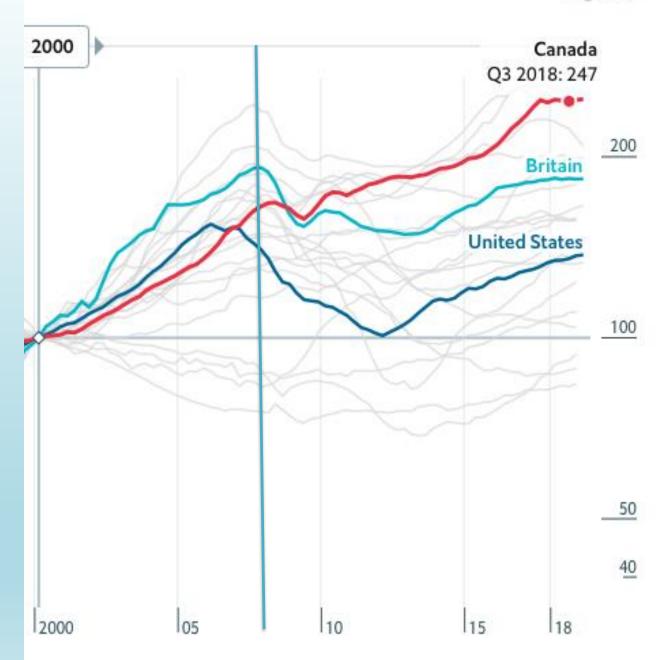


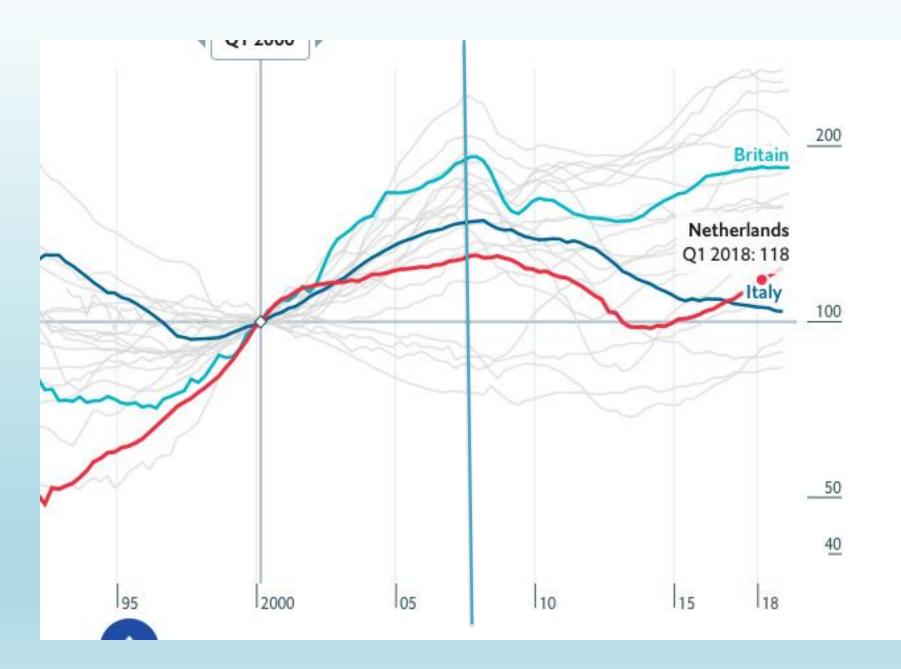
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD

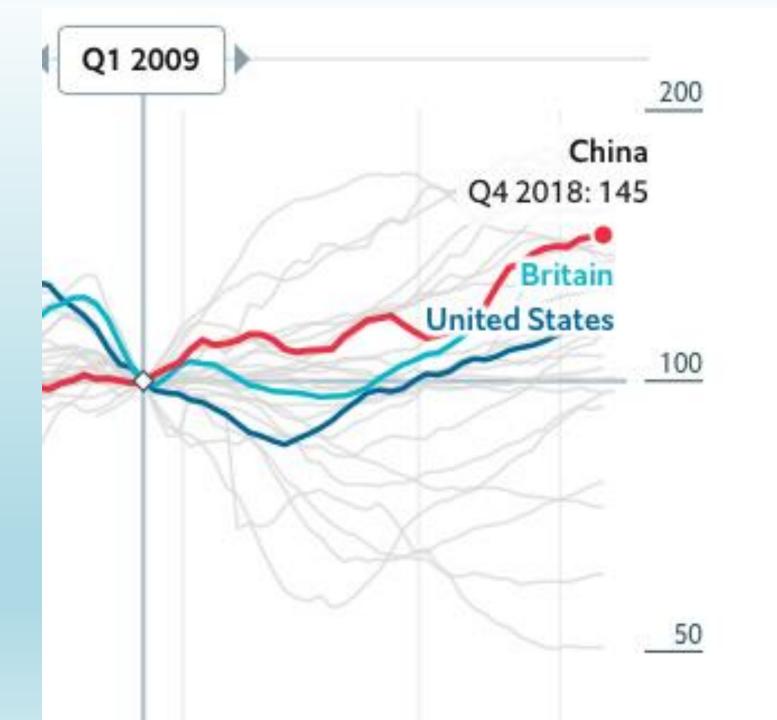


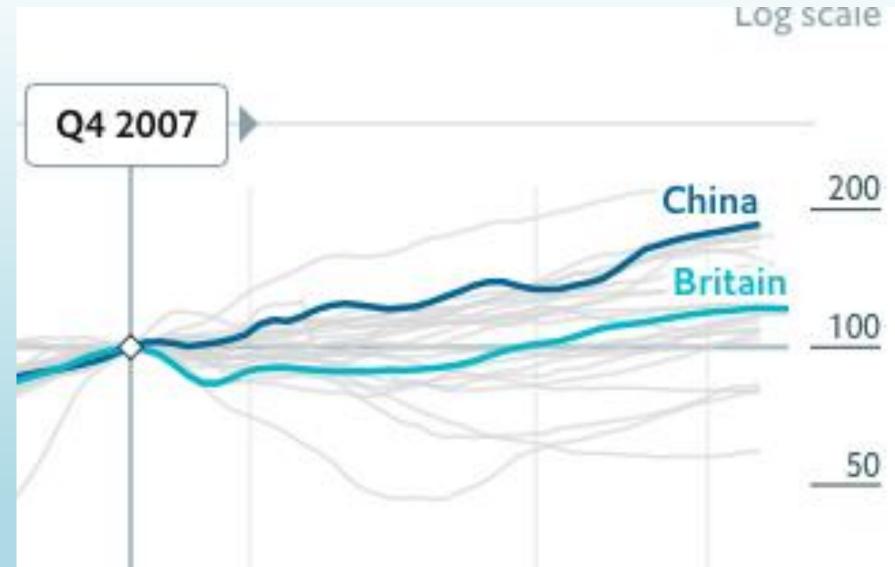
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | OTC/CFD

# **Housing Markets**







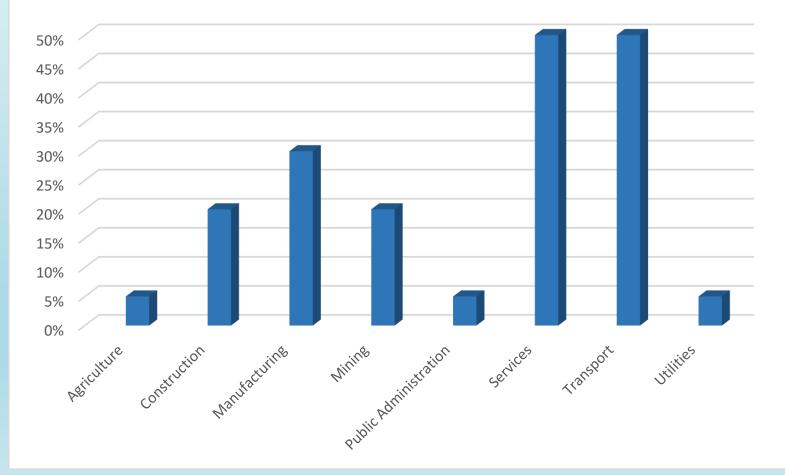


# **Conditions after Covid**

- Immediate effects
  - Depend on:
    - Length of pandemic
    - Impact on trading partners
- Estimated impact on Dutch Economy
- Wealth bubbles
- Banks?
- Policy options

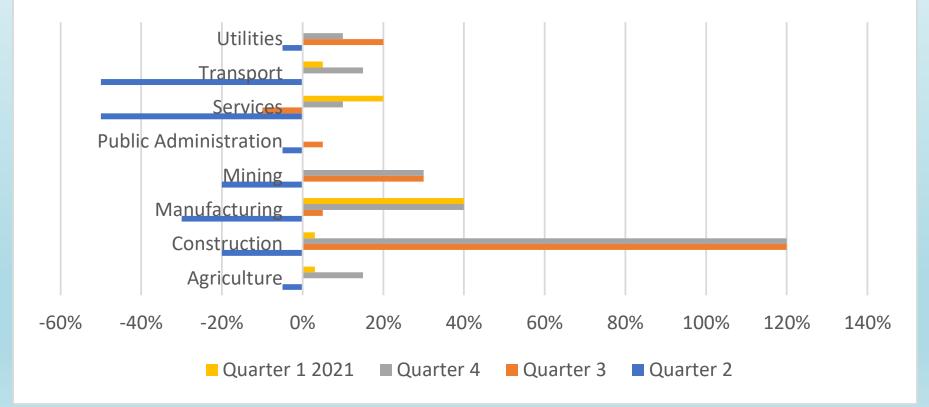
## Sector Slowdown

### Dutch Production Fall: 3 Month Covid -Quarter 2

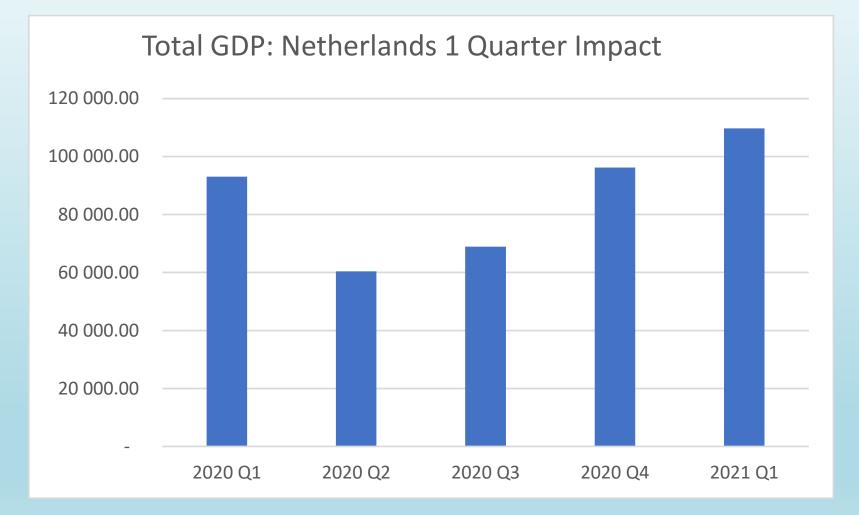


## 3 Month Major Impact

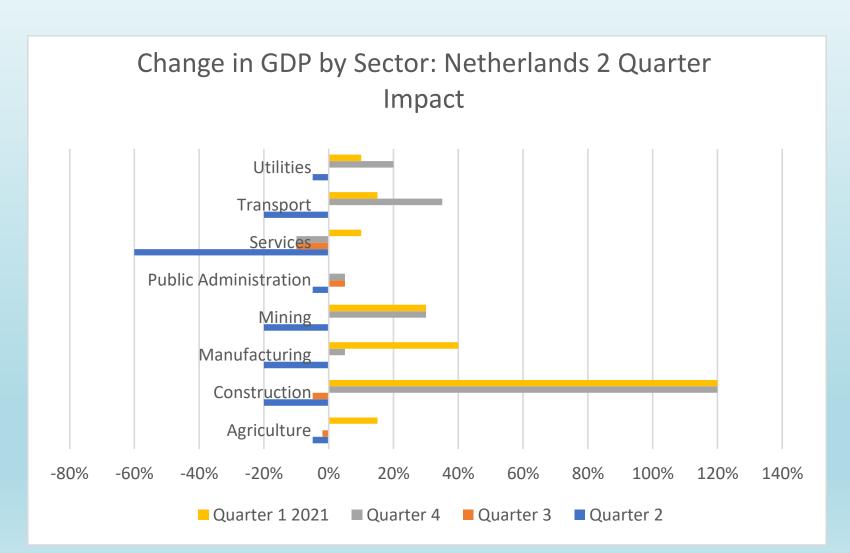




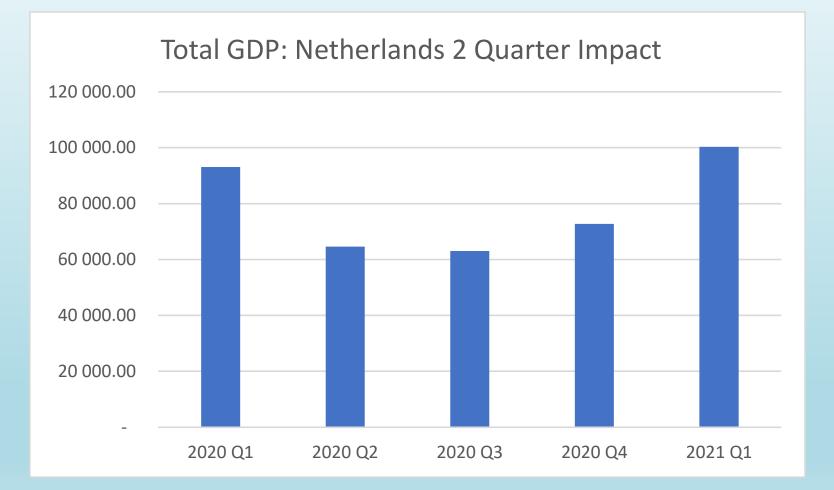
### 9% fall in GDP



# Six Month Major Impact

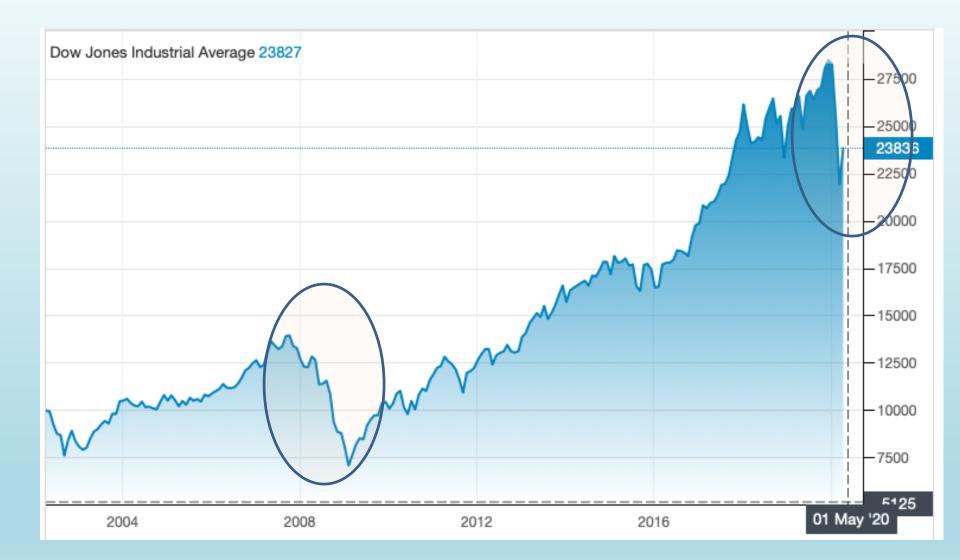


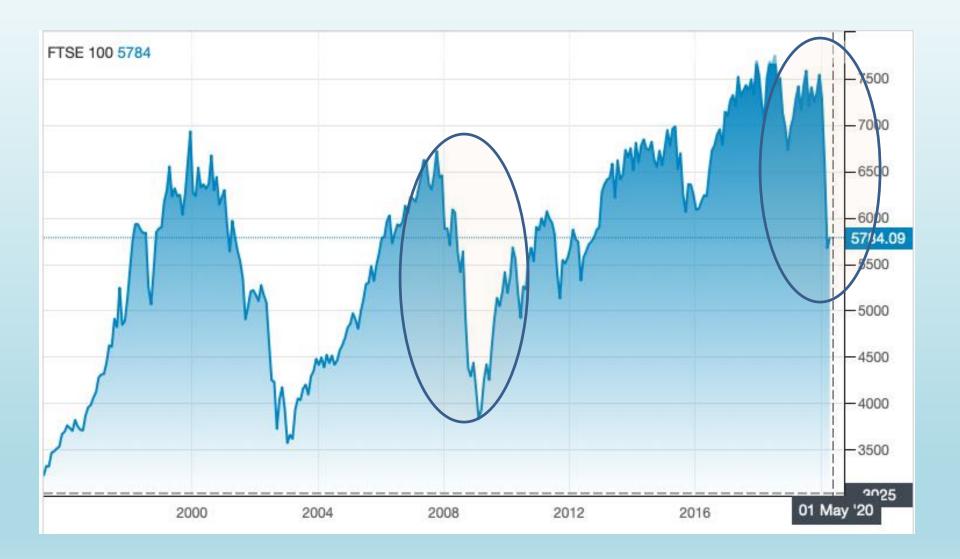
### 19% fall in GDP



## **Equity Markets**

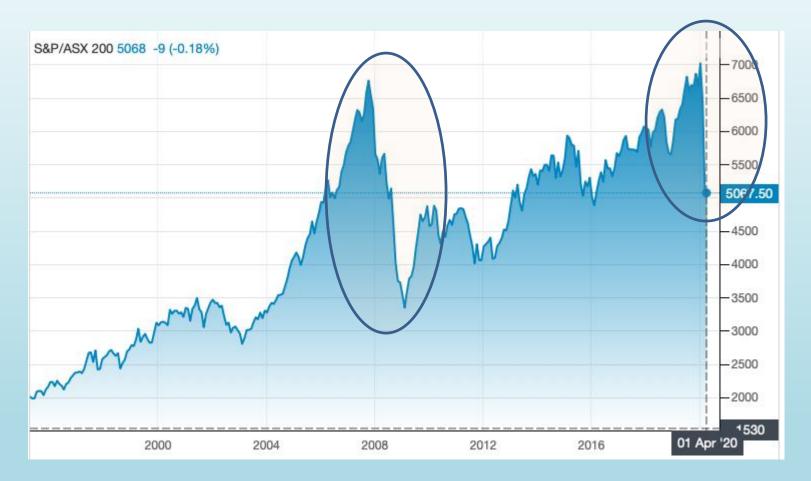
• End March







#### Australia



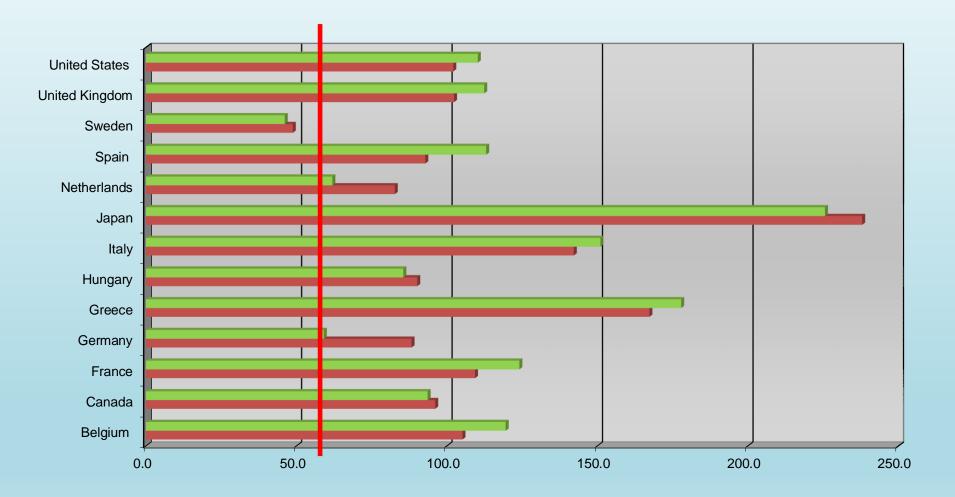


# **Policy Options**

- Fiscal Debt constraints
- Monetary:
  - Reduce interest rate
  - Quantitative Easing

### Government Debt as a % of GDP

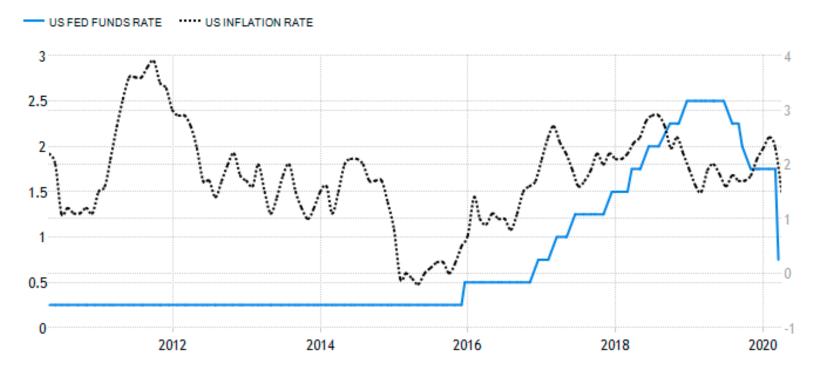
2019 2012



#### **United States Interest Rates**



### United States Real Interest Rates



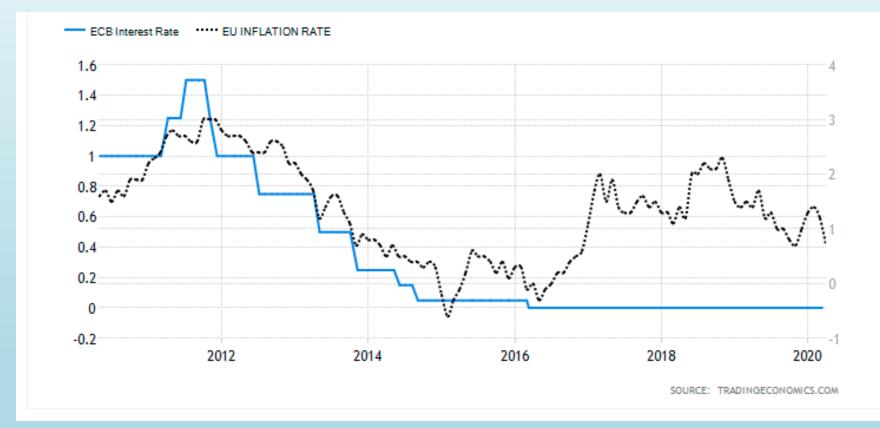
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM

#### **Euro Zone Interest Rates**

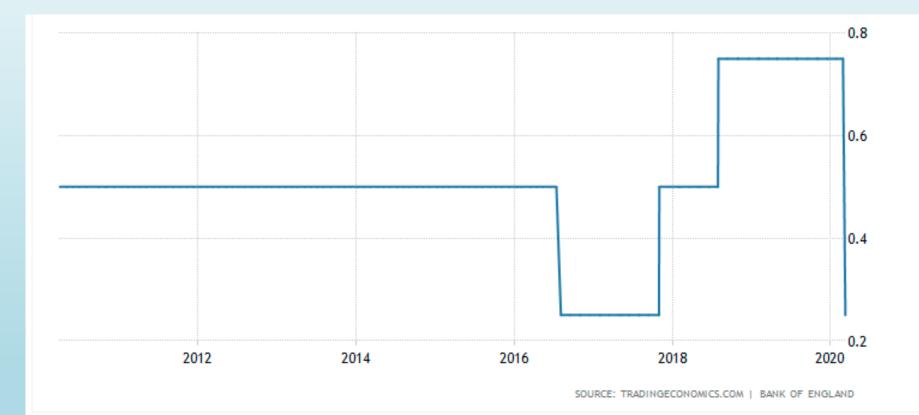


SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

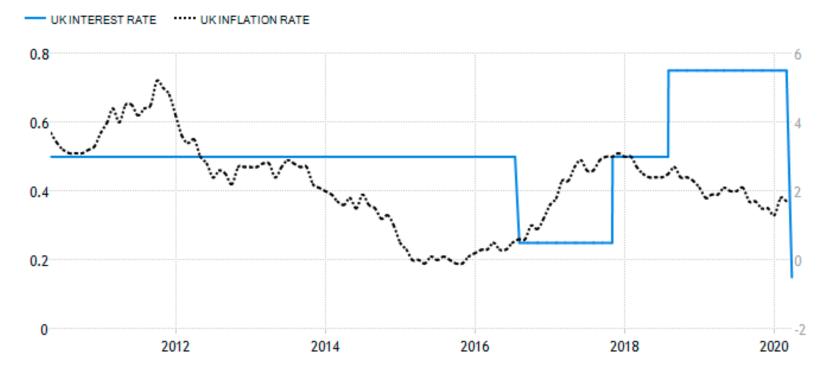
### Euro Zone Real Interest Rates



### **United Kingdom Interest Rates**

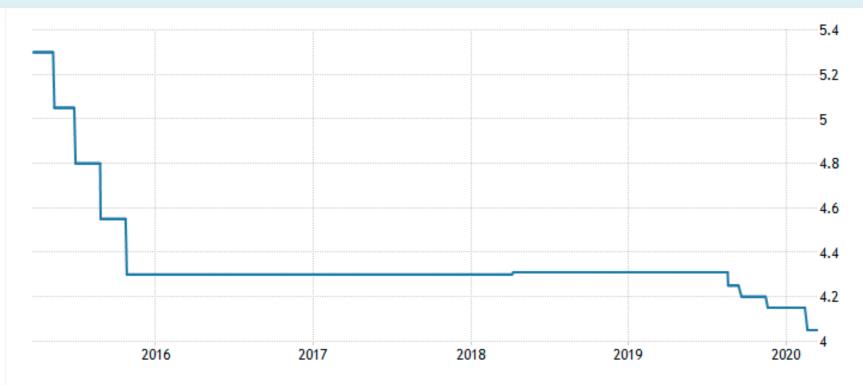


### United Kingdom Real Interest Rates



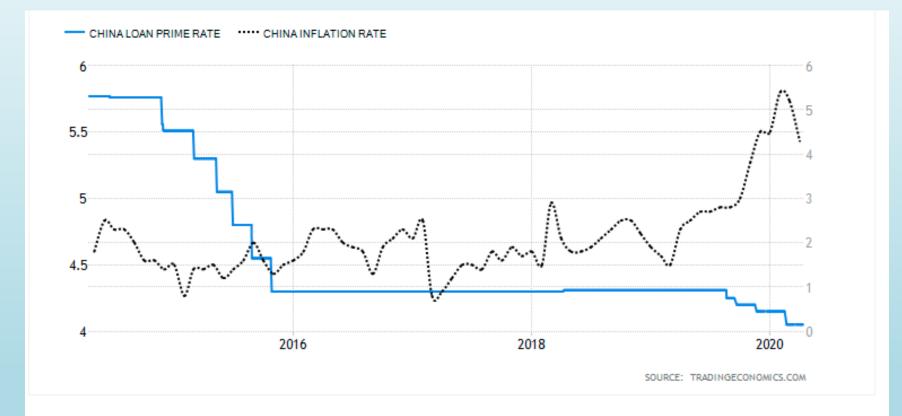
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM

### **China Interest Rates**



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | PEOPLE'S BANK OF CHINA

#### **China Real Interest Rates**



### US Quantitative Easing \$3.5 Trillion

US Central Bank Balance Sheet (US\$m)



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | FEDERAL RESERVE

### EU Quantitative Easing €3.5 Trillion

ECB Balance Sheet (€ Million)



SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

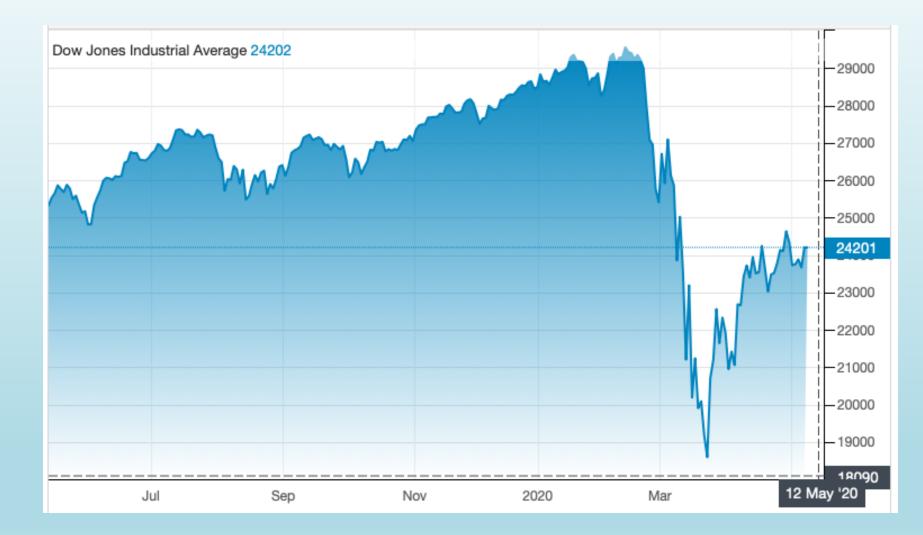
# **Policy Proposals**

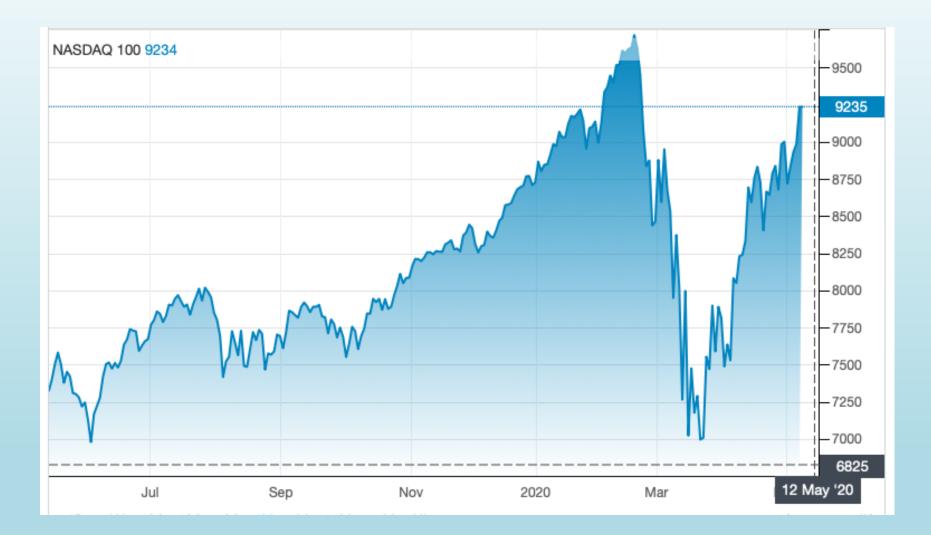
- US:
  - \$2.4tn fiscal stimulus
  - Funded through QE
- EU
  - €500bn fiscal stimulus
  - Funding ...
    - ESM (European Stability Mechanism)
    - Eurobonds ('Corona Bonds')?
    - QE?

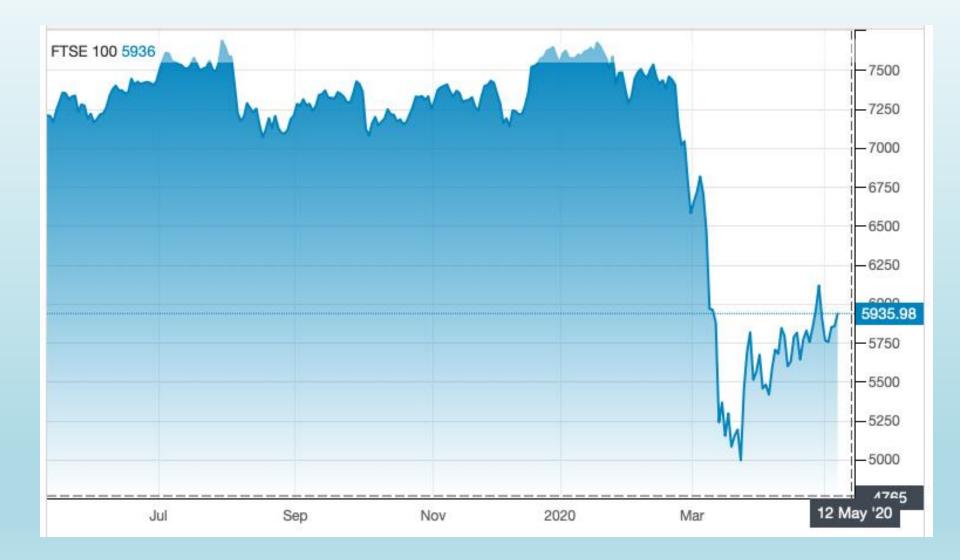


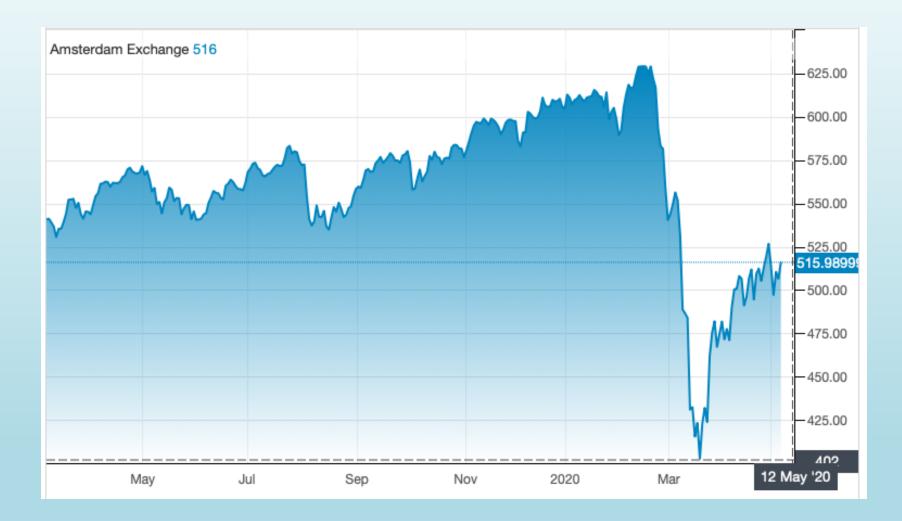
# **Equity Markets**

• Early May

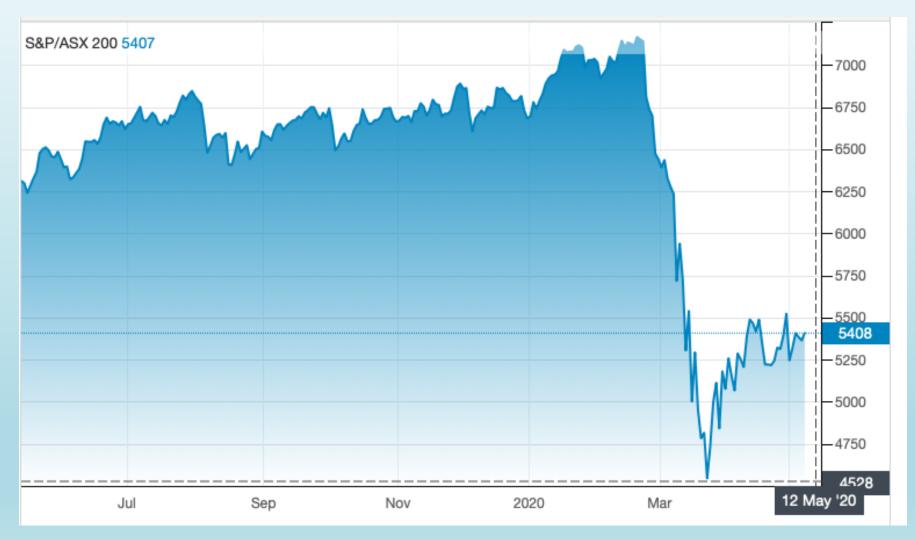


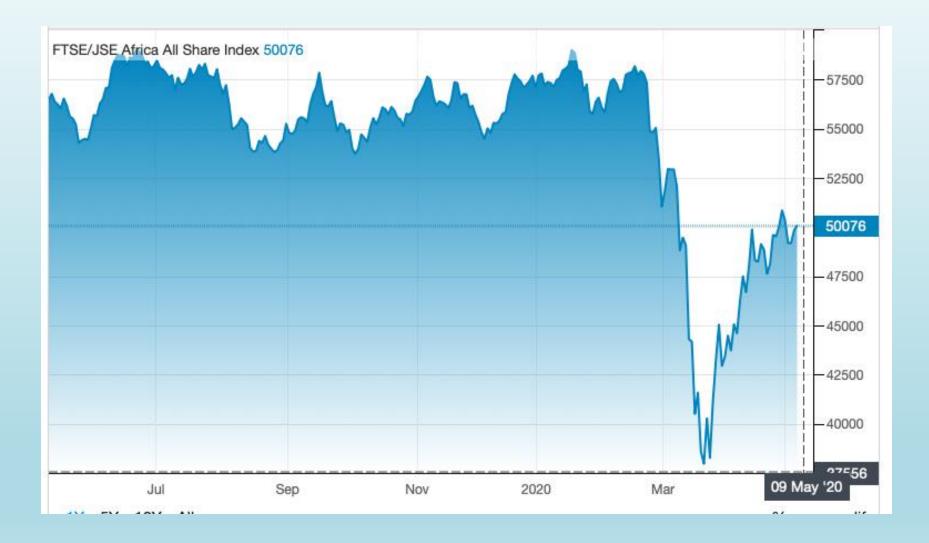






### Australia

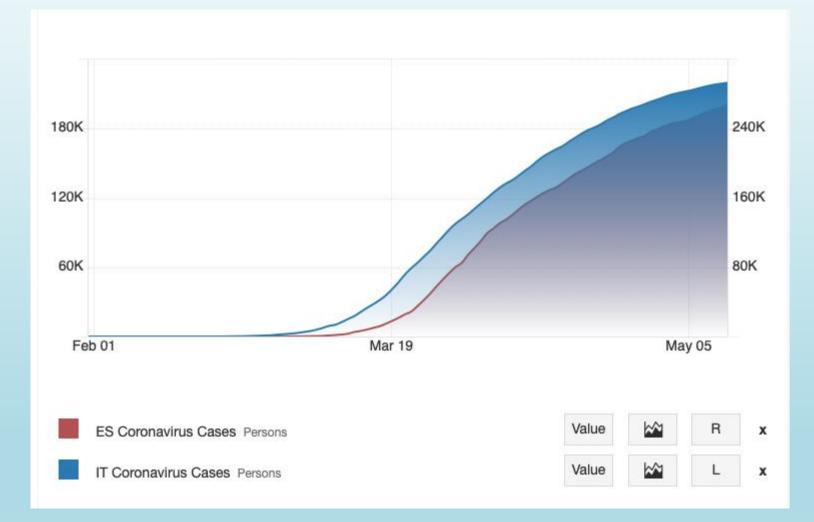




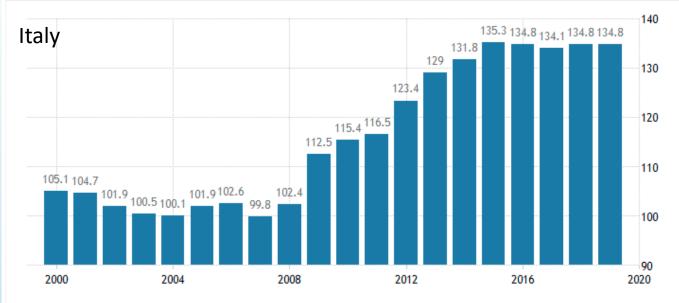
# **Political Fault Lines**

- US (and others) accusation of China complicity in Covid 19
- Italy and Euro Zone
- Spain and Euro Zone

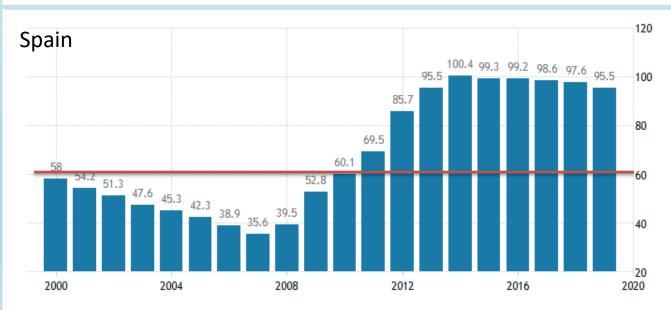
### Corona Cases – Italy and Spain



Government Debt % of GDP



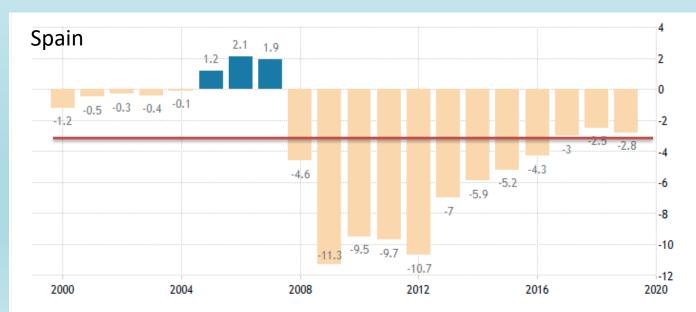
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STATISTICS (ISTAT)



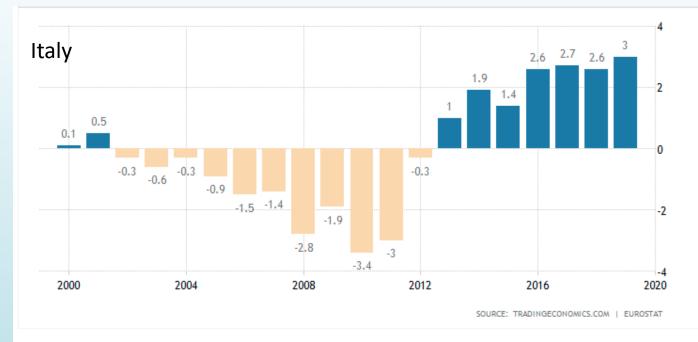
SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | BANK OF SPAIN

Government Deficit % of GDP





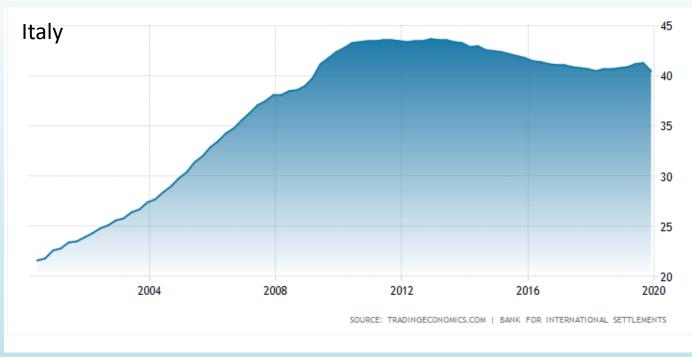
### Current Account Deficit/Surplus

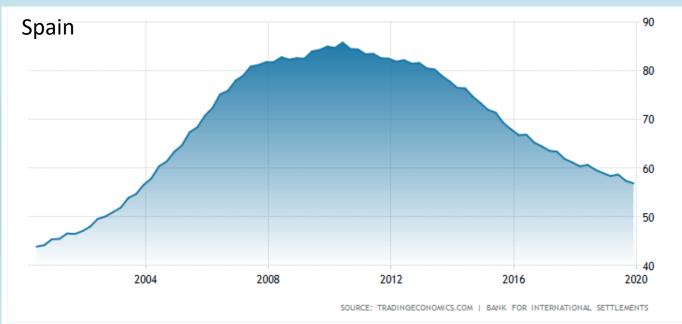




SOURCE: TRADINGECONOMICS.COM | EUROSTAT







## **Questions & Discussion**



Closure Be Safe